

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product nameCELLAMIX 40SynonymsPRODUCT CODE: SG085

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses DISPENSER • PRESSURE DISPENSING OF BEVERAGES

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	ELGAS LTD (STARGAS)
Address	10 Julius Ave, North Ryde, NSW, 2113, AUSTRALIA
Telephone	131 161
Website	https://www.stargas.com.au/

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Emergency 1800 819 783 (24 hours)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

Physical Hazards

Gases Under Pressure: Compressed gas

Health Hazards

Not classified as a Health Hazard

Environmental Hazards

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictograms



Hazard statements H280

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Prevention statements

None allocated.

Response statements

None allocated.

Storage statements P410 + P403

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal statements None allocated.



2.3 Other hazards

Asphyxiant. Effects are proportional to oxygen displacement.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content (v/v)
NITROGEN	7727-37-9	231-783-9	60%
CARBON DIOXIDE	124-38-9	204-696-9	40%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures				
Eye	None required.			
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Give oxygen if available. For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor.			
Skin	None required.			
Ingestion	Due to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.			
First aid facilities	None allocated.			

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility / consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Low concentrations of CO2 cause increased respiration and headache.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use water fog to cool containers from protected area.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture. Cool cylinders or containers exposed to fire by applying water from a protected location. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire. Evacuate the area if unable to keep cylinders cool. Do not approach cylinders or containers suspected of being hot.

5.4 Hazchem code

- 2TE
- 2 Fine Water Spray.
- T Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Dilute spill and run-off.
- E Evacuation of people in and around the immediate vicinity of the incident should be considered.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If the cylinder is leaking, evacuate area of personnel. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid inhalation. Do not drag, drop, slide or roll cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store near incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below 65°C in a secure area, upright and restrained to prevent cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingreatent	Kelefelike		mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Carbon dioxide	SWA [AUS]	5000	9000	30000	54000
Carbon dioxide in coal mines	SWA [AUS]	12500	22500	30000	54000
Carbon dioxide in coal mines	SWA [Proposed]	5000	9000	30000	54000
Nitrogen	SWA [AUS]	Asphyxiant			

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face	Wear safety glasses.
Hands	Wear leather gloves.
Body	Wear safety boots.
Respiratory	Where an inhalation risk exists, wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) or an Air-line respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	COLOURLESS GAS
Odour	ODOURLESS
Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point	NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point	NOT AVAILABLE
Melting point	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate	NOT APPLICABLE
рН	NOT APPLICABLE
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE
Relative density	NOT APPLICABLE

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

3.1 information on basic physical ar	iu chemical properties
Solubility (water)	0.0149 - 0.759 cm ³ /cm ³
Vapour pressure	NOT AVAILABLE
Upper explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT
Lower explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE
9.2 Other information	
% Volatiles	100 %
Cylinder pressure (when full)	13,700 kPa @ 25°C
Density	0.967 - 1.53 (Air = 1)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with incompatible substances.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Moist carbon dioxide is corrosive, hence acid resistant materials are required (e.g. stainless steel). Certain properties of some plastics and rubbers may be affected by carbon dioxide (i.e. embrittlement, leaching of plasticisers, etc).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This material will not decompose to form hazardous products other than that already present.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Low concentrations of carbon dioxide cause increased respiration and headache.
Skin	Not classified as a skin irritant.
Eye	Not classified as an eye irritant.
Sensitisation	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinogen.
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.
STOT - single exposure	Asphyxiant. Effects are proportional to oxygen displacement. Over exposure may result in dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, breathing difficulties and unconsciousness.
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.
Aspiration	Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<u>12.1 Toxicity</u> No information provided.



12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

When discharged to the atmosphere, carbon dioxide may contribute to the greenhouse effect.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposalCylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.LegislationDispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	1956	1956	1956
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (contains nitrogen)	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (contains nitrogen)	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (contains nitrogen)
14.3 Transport hazard class	2.2	2.2	2.2
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

14.5 Environmental hazards

No information provided.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code	2TE
GTEPG	2C1
EmS	F-C, S-V
Other information	Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and that outlet of relief device is not obstructed.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture				
Poison schedule	A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).			
Classifications	Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).			
Inventory listings	AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals) All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.			

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information	The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 handling of gases in cylinders.	The storage and
	APPLICATION METHOD: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitt manifold with low pressure gas distribution to equipment.	ed to cylinder or
	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is pro only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environme product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be consid selection of personal protective equipment is made.	nt, quantity used,
	HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend of including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiv measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipate assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.	veness of control is impractical to
Abbreviations	ACGIHAmerican Conference of Governmental Industrial HygienistsCAS #Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemicalCNSCentral Nervous SystemEC No.EC No - European Community NumberEMSEmergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Date Goods)GHSGlobally Harmonized SystemGTEPGGroup Text Emergency Procedure GuideIARCInternational Agency for Research on CancerLC50Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal ConcentrationLD50Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dosemg/m³Milligrams per Cubic MetreOELOccupational Exposure LimitpHrelates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) tralkaline).ppmParts Per MillionSTELShort-Term Exposure LimitSTOT-RESpecific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)STOT-SESpecific target organ toxicity (single exposure)SUSMPStandard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and PoisonsSWASafe Work AustraliaTLVThreshold Limit ValueTWATime Weighted Average	angerous
Report status	This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS'). It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is belie the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precaution at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product sh directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier. While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possil no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which mincurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contain	to RMT by the eved to represent ns for the product would be obtained this SDS, it does ble, RMT accepts ay be suffered or
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